OPT4210 Series

Miniature plastic liquid level sensors provide a single-point liquid detection via a TTL-compatible switch-like output. The low-power signal makes these optical switches ideal for microcontrollers when needing to detect the absence or presence of non-coating, clean liquids. An infrared LED and phototransistor ensure dependable optical coupling when the sensor is in the air to prevent false readings. When the sensing tip is immersed in liquid, the phototransistor senses the liquid to switch the output state.

Applicable Industries

- Analytical instrumentation
- Medical devices
- Semiconductor processing equipment

Features

- Detects high/low levels in a container
- Can sense a variety of clean, non-coating liquids such as ultra-pure water, oil and carbon dioxide
- Stable even under continuous use in hot water and steam at temperatures up to 257°F

Wetted Material

Polysulphone

Specifications

• Input voltage: 4.5-15.4V DC

• Lead wires: 9.8", 24 AWG, PTFE insulated

• Electrical rating: 100mA lout Max

Max. pressure: 100 psi

Max. temperature: 257°F / 125°C

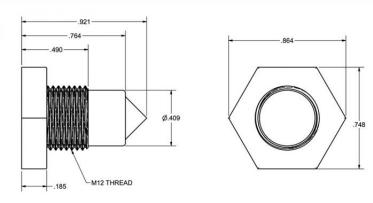
• Approval: CE

Part Numbers	Mount	Sensor Type / Output Type
OPT4210-P1	M12x1	Wet, high in air
OPT4210-P2		Dry, low in air

NOTE: Other fittings and voltages are available. Contact us to discuss your application.

Sensor Cleaning and Compatibility

Clean with alcohol or Freon based solvents. DO NOT use chlorinated solvents such as tricholorethane which can affect the sensor surface. Check chemical compatibility chart before fluid installation.



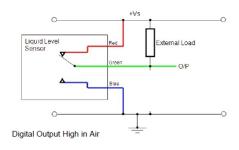


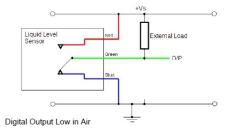


Output Voltage		
Output Voltage (Vout)	Output High Vout = Vs- 1.5V Max	
@ lout = 100mA	Output Low Vout = 0V + 0.5V Max	
Output Voltage (Vout)	Output High Vout = Vs- 0.3V Max	
@ lout = 0mA	Output Low Vout = 0V + 0.1V Max	

Cable	Designation
RED	Vs (supply)
GREEN	OUTPUT
BLUE	0V (Gnd)

Digital Output: Equivalent Output Circuit





Polysulphone

Before use, we recommend that you test that the fluid you wish to use this device in is compatible with polysulphone.

Acetic acid- Glacial Acetic acid- 10% Ammonia- 88

Ammonium Hydroxide- 10% Ammonium Chloride- 10%

Arimonium Cri Aviation spirit Benzene Benzoic acid Bleach Brine Butane

Calcium Nitrate
Calcium Hyphochlorite
Carbon Tetrachloride
Chromic acid

Copper Sulphate
Creosote

Cyclohexane Cyclohexanol Detergent solutions

Diesel fuel
Diesel fuel
Diethylamine
Diethyl Ether
Dioctyl Phthalate
Edible fats & oils
Ethanol 50%
Ethyl Alcohol
Ethylene Glycol
Ferric Chloride

Formaldehyde

Formic acid

Glycerol Heptane

Hydrochloric acid 10% Hydrochloric acid conc. Hydrogen Peroxide

Isopropanol Iso-Octane Kerosene Linseed oil

Magnesium Sulphate

Methanol Motor oil Nitric acid 10% Oils- Vegetable Oxalic acid Petroleum Ether

Potassium Hydroxide 10% Potassium Hydroxide 50%

Silicone fluids
Silver Nitrate
Soap solution
Sodium Chloride
Sodium Hydroxide 10%
Sodium Hydroxide 50%
Sulphuric acid 10%
Transformer oil
Turpentine
Varnish
Water
White Spirit

Trogamid

We recommend that before use you should test that the fluid you wish to use this device in is compatible with trogamid.

Acetone Benzene

Break Free (lubricating oil) Carbon tetrachloride

Diesel fuel Econa PG32 (Hydraulic fluid)

Ethanol Ethyl acetate Eucalyptus oil Formaldehyde solution

Glycerine (DAB6) Heating oil Isopropanol Methanol Mountain pine oil Petroleum ether

Potassium hydroxide (25 w/w-%) Potassium hydroxide (50 w/w-%)

Premium gasoline 1,2-propane diol Regular gas Test fuel (M15) Toluene Xylene



